(Rs. in crores)

State	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-01	2001-02 (Till
Arunchal Pradesh	15.00	19.65	43.96	20.00
Assam	28.81	105.86	69.31	15.00
Manipur	20.34	121.67	23.85	—
Meghalaya	8.79	3.00	32.63	—
Mizoram	9.00	62.15	27.06	25.10
Nagaland	20.01	44.08	15.91	9.00
Sikkim	10.00	32.01	23.78	6.51
Tripura	10.00	22.50	67.08	20.55
Common to North Eastern and Sikkim	—	9.00	9.46	—

(b) and (c) All Union Ministries/Departments (except those specifically exempted) are required to spend at least 10% of their Budget(s) on schemes/projects for the benefit of the North Eastern Region and Sikkim. In order to ensure that adequate Plan allocation is made for the North East (and Sikkim), Ministries/Departments have been advised to indicate a separate Head in their Demands for Grants for the purpose of making lumpsum provision (10% of Budget) for the North East an J Sikkim. Shortfalls in meeting 10% norm for the North East (and Sikkim) are to be pooled in a Central Pool of Resources. Project specific assistance is released from the Central Pool to the concerned implementing agency on the basis of the recommendation(s) of the Committee constituted for the purpose. These funds are over and above the funds flowing to the North Eastern Region (and Sikkim) from the various sources including the Plan funds of the North Eastern Council.

Lack of coordination in implementation of Long Term Action Plan in KBK Districts

2708. SHRI H.K. JAVARE GOWDA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to improper coordination between the Central Government and the Government of Orissa, the Long Term Action Plan on Kalahandi-Bolangir-Koraput in Orissa is not benefiting the effected people as repotted in the 'Samaj' dated the 21st June, 2001; and

(b) if so, what are the remedial measures taken by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI ARUN SHOURIE): (a) No, Sir. Planning Commission is coordinating and monitoring the Revised Long Term Action Plan (LTAP) for KBK Districts of Orissa. Review meetings

are held periodically with the State Government as well as the concerned Ministries. The Revised LTAP (1998-99 to 2006-07) has been drawn up by the Government of Orissa and consists of flow of funds from Central Plan and Centrally Sponsored Schemes. Recurring drought and problems of accessibility and efficacy in the delivery of services have affected the development of the area.

(b) To supplement the efforts of the State Government, Additional Central Assistance is being allocated for certain critical sectors. An amount of Rs. 46.00 crore was allocated in Annual Plan 1998-99, Rs. 57.60 crore in Annual Plan 1999-2000 and Rs. 40.35 crore in Annual Plan 2000-01.

Further, in order to give a fillip to irrigation, the guidelines for the Accelerated Irrigated Benefits Programme (AIBP) have been revised in favour of the drought prone KBK districts. Although, normally only major/medium irrigation projects in an advanced stage of construction are considered for inclusion under the programme, now irrigation projects benefiting KBK districts in initial stages of construction are eligible for support as well. Further, although normally minor irrigation projects are not eligible for assistance, minor surface irrigation projects of the KBK districts can now be funded under the programme. Further, the Central Loan Assistance is being made available to KBK districts in the ratio of 3:1 (Centre State) under AIBP compared to the normal ratio of 2:1 (Centre : State) for the non-Special Category States.

The State Government has reported that the following steps have been taken to improve the implementation of schemes in these districts: (i) A very senior officer has been posted as the Chief Administrator, Special Area Development (KBK) Project at Koraput. He is responsible for effective monitoring and supervising the implementation of various programmes. His office has already become operational at Koraput from 8.2.2001. His tour notes and field observation are receiving due attention of the Government; (ii) A Project Level Committee (PLC), under the chairmanship of Chief Secretary, has been periodically reviewing the progress of implementation of RLTAP. The concerns of PLC are receiving regular attention of the Administrative Departments and programme implementing agencies; and (iii) Several line Departments have already evolved their own monitoring mechanisms to further strengthen the implementation of RLTAP programmes. For example, Forest & Environment Department has constituted a sectoral monitoring committee under the chairmanship of the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Orissa to oversee effective implementation of afforestation programme.

Assessment on Economic Reforms

2709. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have made any assessment of a decade of economic reforms;